

### 321200S - STROMATOL®

Revision nr. 6

Dated 01/03/2022

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Replaced revision: 5 (Printed on: 06/11/2017)

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifiers

Code: 321200S
Product name: STROMATOL®

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified use: Laboratory chemicals. Stromatolytic agent for platelet count

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Mascia Brunelli S.p.A.
Full address Viale Monza, 272
District and Country 20128 Milano (Milano)
Italia

Tel. 0039 02 252091

Fax 0039 02 2576428

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet <a href="mktg@masciabrunelli.it">mktg@masciabrunelli.it</a>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to NHS111 in England: 111 NHS24 in Scotland: 111

NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647

In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Acute toxicity, category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H302Harmful if swallowed.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H315Causes skin irritation.

**H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:



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P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

**P264** Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Contains: ANHYDROUS QUININE

**NIKETHAMIDE** 

### 2.3 Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration >= 0.1%.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
ANHYDROUS QUININE		
CAS 130-95-0	$4 \le x < 4,5$	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC 205-003-2		LD50 Oral: 350,82 mg/kg
INDEX -		
NIKETHAMIDE		
CAS 59-26-7	$3,5 \le x < 4$	Acute Tox. 3 H301, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 200-418-5		STA Oral: 100 mg/kg
INDEX -		
LACTIC ACID		
CAS 79-33-4	1,5 ≤ x < 2	Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC 201-196-2		
INDEX 607-743-00-5		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available



### **SECTION 5:** Fire fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)



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Information not available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

ANHYDROUS QUININE			
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC			
Normal value in fresh water	0,0111	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water	0,00111	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	2,83	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,283	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,111	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,83	mg/kg/d	

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### **EYE PROTECTION**

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties



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### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	liquid
Colour	blue
Odour	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Flash point	> 60 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
рН	5,1 - 5,2
Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility	Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Density and/or relative density	Not available
Relative vapour density	Not available
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials



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Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: 1892,97 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

LACTIC ACID

LD50 (Oral): 3543 mg/kg RAT LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg RABBIT

ANHYDROUS QUININE

LD50 (Oral): 350,82 mg/kg RAT

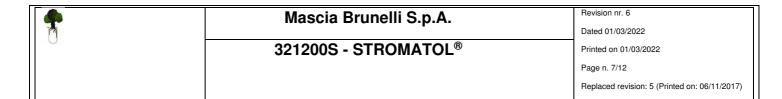
NIKETHAMIDE

LD50 (Oral): 650 mg/kg RABBIT

STA (Oral): 100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION



Causes skin irritation

### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

Sensitising for the skin

### Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

### Skin sensitization

Information not available

### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

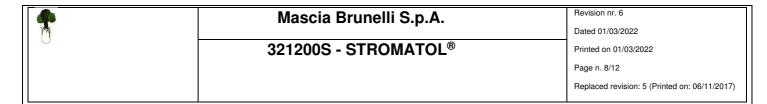
### Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

### Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

### **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**



Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organ

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

#### **STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organ

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity

LACTIC ACID

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 2800 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

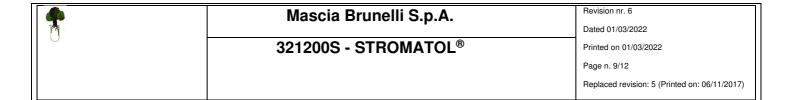
ANHYDROUS QUININE

LC50 - for Fish 26,1 mg/l/96h lctalurus punctatus

EC50 - for Crustacea 91,93 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (Pulce d'acqua grande)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 11,13 mg/l/72h Dunaliella salina

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability



Information not available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable

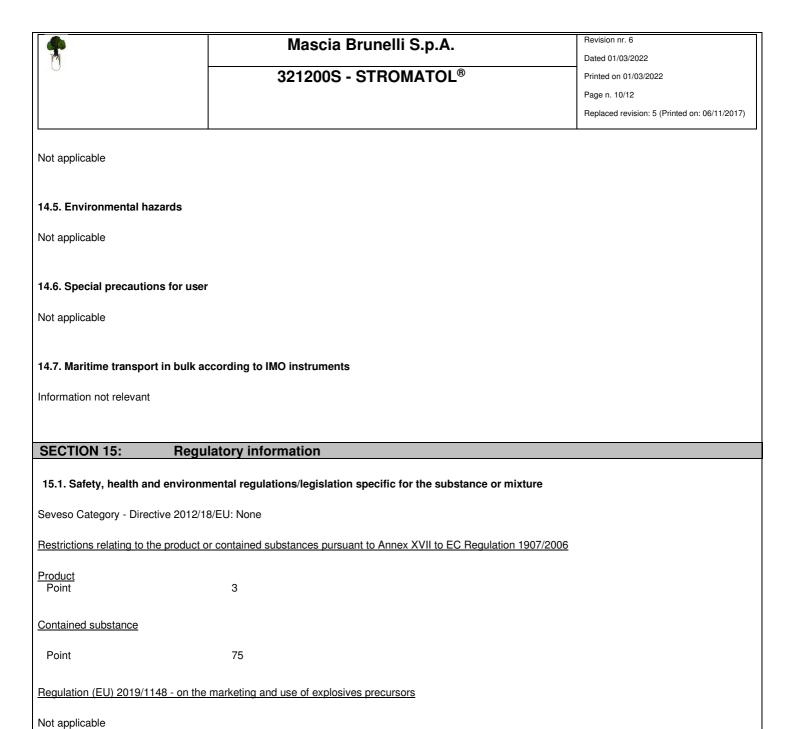
### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

### 14.4. Packing group



Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

None

None

None

None

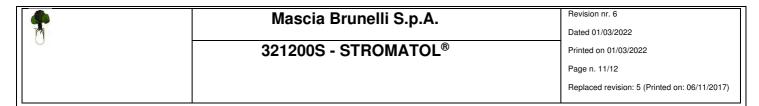
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:



#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 3

Acute toxicity, category 3

Acute Tox. 4

Skin Corr. 1C

Skin corrosion, category 1C

Eye Irrit. 2

Skin Irrit. 2

Skin Irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

H301 Toxic if swallowed.H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

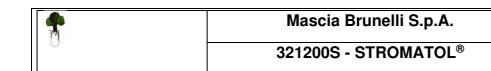
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
   INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- INDEX. Identifier III Affilex VI of GLI
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).



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#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP) 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I. Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.